CADDO PARISH FIRE DISTRICT NO. 6 KEITHVILLE, LOUISIANA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2008

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 4/19/09

MARSHA O. MILLICAN
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA

Keithville, Louisiana December 31, 2008

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Commissioners Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6 Keithville, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6, (the District) a component unit of the Caddo Parish Commission, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects the position of the District as of December 31, 2008 and the respective changes in financial position for year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and 25 and 26, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. I have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, I did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated May 21, 2009, on my consideration of Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of my audit.

Certified Public Accountant

maska O. Millican

May 21, 2009

P. O. BOX 292

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ROBERT GILL, BOARD CHAIRMAN JERRY TAYLOR THOMAS WHITE JIMMY COUVILLION PAUL BISON

DAMON JOHNSON, Fire Chief

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District had total net assets of \$831,918 at year end which represents an increase from the prior year of \$33,145.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements consist of the following - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and notes to financial statements. These components are described below:

Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets and Cash Flows provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets report the District's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the District's net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF The ENTITY

Net Assets

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$831,918 as of December 31, 2008.

The District's major assets are its fixed assets of \$529,671 representing its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings and improvements, equipment and furniture, less the related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District owed \$219,691 at year end on the debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to the citizens of the District; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Revenues needed to repay the related debt will be provided through tax assessments on property located within the District.

\$432,409(52%) of the District's net assets is restricted for debt service. These funds legally must be used to pay interest and principal on the outstanding general obligation bonds.

Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6's Net Assets December 31,

	2008	2007
Current assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 578,773 529,671 1,108,444	\$ 621,831 572,133 1,193,964
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	56,835 219,691 276,526	67,083 328,108 395,191
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	309,980 432,409 89,529	244,025 381,274 173,474
Total net assets	\$ 831,918	\$ 798,773

Changes in Net Assets

The District's net assets increased by \$33,145 during the year ended December 31, 20087. Approximately 40% (351,074) of the District's total revenue was derived through property taxes, while approximately 24% (\$211,165) was derived through charges for services (structure fees). Revenues were generally consistent with the prior year. Expenses incurred by the District are primarily for the provision of fire protection and emergency medical treatment to the citizens of the District. Approximately 39% (\$317,144) of the District's expenses are for salaries and related payroll taxes and employee benefits.

In 2008, activity program revenues exceeded program expenses, resulting in an increase in net assets of \$33,134.

Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6's Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended December 31,

	2008	2007
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 321,779	\$ 330,003
Capital grants and contributions	43,689	· -
General revenues:	·	
Property taxes	351,074	358,855
Grants	79,514	
Interest	9,592	
Intergovernmental	54,819	
Miscellaneous	<u>13,269</u>	
	<u> </u>	
Total revenues	873,7 <u>36</u>	775,364
	<u> </u>	
Expenses:		
Public safety - fire protection	825 171	753,335
Interest on long-term debt	15,420	20,205
intoleste on long tolm door	13,420	
Total expenses	840,591	<u>773,450</u>
100d1 ouponous	0401221	_773,430
Increase(Decrease) in net assets	33,145	1,824
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	00,110	=,52.
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>798,773</u>	<u>796,949</u>
	<u></u>	
Net assets, end of year	\$831,918	\$798,773
•		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of the current year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$521,938, an decrease of \$32,811 compared to the prior year.

Of the combined ending fund balances, \$89,529 or approximately 17%, is unreserved and available for spending in the coming year. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed (1) to pay debt service, or (2) to purchase capital assets.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the general fund decreased by \$83,945 during 2008. This is approximately a 48% decrease from the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year. The budget policy of the District complies with state law, as amended, and as set forth in Louisiana Revised Statutes Title 39, Chapter 9, Louisiana Local Government Budget Act (LSA - R.S. 39:1301 et seq.).

The District's budget was amended during 2008.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2008, totaled \$1,427,998 net of accumulated depreciation of \$898,327, leaving a book value of \$527,671. This investment in capital assets includes fire stations (land, buildings and improvements), fire trucks, emergency response vehicles, fire fighting and rescue equipment, office equipment and furniture (equipment and furniture).

Actual costs to purchase capital assets was \$43,689 for the year. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$86,151.

Debt Administration

The District's outstanding general obligation bond was issued on August 1, 2000 in the original amount of \$800,000. The obligation is secured by the ability of the District to levy property taxes to ensure payment of the debt and was approved by a vote of the citizens of the District.

Long-term debt general obligation bond debt decreased by \$90,000, the amount of the annual principal maturity of the Series 2000 General Obligation Bond.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The following economic factors were considered when the budget for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 was prepared.

· Revenues are expected to stay consistent for 2009.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6 for all of the District's citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Mr. Damon Johnson, Fire Chief, Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6, P O Box 292, Keithville, Louisiana 71047, or by calling (318) 925-8791.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2008

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,219
Ad valorem taxes receivable	334,196
Fire protection service charges receivable	210,320
Ambulance receivables	27,038
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	529,671
Total Assets	1,108,444
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	20,090
Deferred Revenue	36,745
Long term liabilities:	
Payable within one year	114,691
Payable after one year	105,000
Total Liabilities	276,526
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	309,980
Restricted for:	
Debt service	432,409
Unrestricted	89,529
Total Net Assets	831,918

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	<u> </u>	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	venue and
	d		Capital		COSCIO
		Charges for	Grants and		
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Total	
Governmental Activities:					
Public safety-fire protection	\$ 825,171	\$ 321,779	\$ 43,689	5/)	(459.703)
Interest on long term debt	15,420	*			(15,420)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 840,591	\$ 321,779	\$ 43,689	69	(475,123)
General Revenues:					
Taxes					
Ad valorem taxes					351 074
State fire insurance rebate					20.736
State revenue sharing					7.946
State supplemental pay					26,137
Grants					79.514
Interest Earned					9.597
Miscellaneous					13,269
Total General Revenues					508,268
Change in Net Assets					33,145
Not A breath Local and a second a second and					
ivet Assets, oegimning of year					798,773
Net Assets, end of year				S	831,918

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheets Governmental Funds December 31, 2008

		Debt Service	=
	General Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 4,829	\$ 2,390	\$ 7,219
Ad valorem taxes receivable	205,246	128,950	334,196
Fire protection service charges receivable	210,320	-	210,320
Ambulance fees receivable	27,038	-	27,038
Due from other funds		305,012	305,012
Total Assets	\$ 447,433	\$ 436,352	\$ 883,785
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals	\$ 20,090	\$ -	\$ 20,090
Deferred revenue	32,802	3,943	36,745
Due to other funds	305,012		305,012
Total Liabilities	357,904	3,943	361,847
Fund Balances			
Reserved for debt services	_	432,409	432,409
Unreserved	89,529		89,529
Total Net Assets	89,529	432,409	521,938
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 447,433</u>	\$ 436,352	\$ 883,785

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheets for Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Assets For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 521,938
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in govenmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Add: Capital Assets Deduct: Accumulated Depreciation	1,427,998 (898,327)
Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct: General Obligation Bonds Note Payable Capital Lease Payable	 (200,000) (15,014) (4,677)
Net Assets of Governmental Acftivities	\$ 831,9 <u>18</u>

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General Fund	Debt Service	Total
Revenues:	General Fund	Deut Service	1 Otal
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 197,633	\$ 153,441	\$ 351,074
Fire protection fees	211,165	-	211,165
Ambulance fees	110,614	-	110,614
Intergovernmental revenues:	,		114,511
State fire insurance rebate	20,736	-	20,736
State revenue sharing	7,946	_	7,946
State supplemental pay	26,137	_	26,137
Grants	123,203	-	123,303
Interest earned	8,752	840	9,592
Miscellaneous	13,269		13,269
Total Revenues	719,455	154,281	873,736
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Fire protection	782,209	500	782,709
Debt service:	ŕ		•
Principal	18,418	90,000	108,418
Interest	2,773	12,647	15,420
Total Expenditures	803,400	103,147	906,547
Net changes in fund balance	(83,945)	51,134	(32,811)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	173,474	381,275	554,749
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 89,529	\$ 432,409	\$ 521,938

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this report.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(32,811)
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$86,151) exceeds capital outlay (\$43,689)		(42,462)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.		108,418
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	_\$	33,145

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2008

INTRODUCTION

The Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6 ("the District") was created by the Caddo Parish Commission by ordinance as provided under the Louisiana Revised Statutes 40:1496. The District is comprised of property in Southwest Caddo Parish and is governed by a board of commissioners, who are appointed by the Caddo Parish Commission. The purpose of the District is to provide fire protection and emergency services to residents of the District.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The accompanying financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In June 1999 the GASB issued Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments, and Statement 35, Basic Financial Statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for Public Colleges and Universities. These Statements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments and public colleges and universities throughout the United States. They require new information and restructure much of the information that governments have presented in the past. Comparability with reports issued in prior years is affected.

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments: GASB Statement No. 37. Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus; GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures; and Government Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 6, Recognition and Measurement of Certain Liabilities and Expenditures in Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity is financial accountability. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

The District is a component unit of the Caddo Parish Commission, the financial reporting entity. The Commission is financially accountable for the District because it appoints a voting majority of the board and has the ability to impose its will on the District.

The accompanying financial statements present information only on the funds maintained by the District and do not present information on the Commission, the general government services provided by that governmental unit, or the other governmental units that comprise the financial reporting entity.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information of all nonfiduciary activities of the District. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function segment, or component unit are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function, segment, or component unit. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, segment or component unit. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function, segment, or component unit. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The District consists of one program, fire protection.

Governmental fund financial statements are provided for the District. The District consists of three governmental funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Accounting – In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, the District has presented a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities for the District as a whole. Government-wide accounting is designed to provide a more comprehensive view of the government's operations and financial position as a single economic entity.

Policies specific to the government-wide statements are as follows:

Eliminating Internal Activity – Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets.

Application of FASB Statements and Interpretations – Reporting on governmental type and business-type activities are based on FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except where they conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Capitalizing Assets – Tangible or intangible assets used in operations with an initial useful life that extends beyond one year are capitalized. Equipment, furniture and fixtures, and buildings are recorded at their historical costs and are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over their estimated useful lives. They are reported net of accumulated depreciation on the Statement of Net Assets

Program Revenues – The Statement of Activities presents two categories of program revenues - (1) charges for services; and (2) operating grants and contributions.

Charges for services are those revenues arising from exchange or exchange like transactions with external parties that purchase, use or directly benefit from the programs goods, services or privileges. Service charges (structure fees) are reported as charges for services.

Operating grants and contributions, whether operating or capital in nature, are revenues arising from receipts that are restricted for operating purposes of a program. Supplemental salaries paid to the firefighters by the State of Louisiana, state revenue sharing, and fire insurance rebates are reported as operating grants and contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Restricted Net Assets – Restricted net assets are those for which a constraint has been imposed either externally or by law. Resources restricted for a specific purpose are exhausted before unrestricted net assets are used.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government Fund Financial Statements – The Governmental financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Principal revenue sources considered are susceptible to accrual include property taxes, service fees, and interest on investments. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Modifications to the accrual basis of accounting include:

Interest on general long-term obligations is recognized when paid.

Fund Accounting

The financial activities of the District are recorded in individual funds, each of which is deemed to be a separate accounting entity. The District uses fund accounting to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions relating to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds of the District are classified as governmental funds. Governmental funds account for the District's general activities, including collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets, and the servicing of long-term debt. Governmental funds of the District include:

<u>General Fund</u> – the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – accounts for transactions relating to resources retained and used for the payment of principal and interest on the long-term obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

Budgeting and Budgetary Control

A budget for the ensuing year is prepared by the fire chief and approved by the board of commissioners prior to December 31st of each year. The proposed budget is prepared on a cash basis of accounting that is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The budget is legally adopted and amended, as necessary, by the board of commissioners. The board reserves all authority to make changes to the budgets. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end and must be re-appropriated in the next year's budget to be expended. The budget was amended in 2008.

Formal integration of the budget into the accounting records is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and interest-bearing demand deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less when purchased. Under state law, the District may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements generally requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Capital Assets

The District's assets are recorded at historical cost. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred Depreciation expense is recorded in the government-wide financial statements using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets. All assets of the District are reported in the accompanying financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences for vacation and sick leave do not accrue past the calendar year and are not paid for if not taken.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2008

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued):

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, debt principal payments of both government and business-type activities are reported as decreases in the balance of the liability reported on the Statement of Net Assets. In the fund financial statements, debt principal payments of the governmental funds are recognized as expenditures when paid.

Receivables

Accounts receivable in all funds report amounts that have arisen in the ordinary course of business and are fully collectible.

Governmental fund type receivables consist primarily of amounts due for property taxes and charges for service (structure fees and ambulance fees).

Net Assets/Fund Balances

In the Statement of Net Assets, the differences between a government's assets and liabilities are recorded as net assets. The three components of net assets are as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This category records capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowing attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets.

Restricted Net Assets – This category records net assets that are restricted by external sources such as banks or by law are reported separately as restricted net assets.

Unrestricted Net Assets – This category represents net assets not appropriable for expenditures or legally segregated for a specific future use.

In the Balance Sheet of governmental funds, fund balances are segregated as follows:

Reserved – The reserved fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount that has been legally identified for specific purposes.

Unreserved – The unreserved fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount available for budgeting future operations.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2008

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

At December 31, 2008, the District has cash and cash equivalents as follows:

	Book	<u>Bank</u>
Interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 7,219	\$ 11,803

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposits insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. At December 31, 2008, the District has were secured from risk by federal deposit insurance.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes and Structure Fees:

The District levies taxes on real and business personal property within its boundaries on November 1st of each year. Property taxes are due before December 31st and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st of the following year.

On April 29, 1995, the voters of the District authorized a ten (10) year ten (10) mill ad valorem tax. The purpose of the tax is for maintaining and operating fire protection facilities, purchasing fire trucks and other fire fighting equipment, and paying the cost of obtaining water for fire protection purposes, including charges for fire hydrant rentals and services. The amount levied for 2008 was 9.55 mills...

On November 20, 1999, the voters of the District approved the issuance of general obligation bonds and the corresponding ad valorem taxes to be levied for debt service. The amount levied for 2008 was 6 mills.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, total ad valorem taxes of 15.55 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$22,156,380 after the application of homestead exemptions and adjudicated property. Total taxes levied at December 31, 2008, for debt retirement and for operation were \$132,938 and \$211,594, respectively.

The voters of the District also approved the levying of a \$75 service charge (structure fee) for each residential or commercial structure. Total service charges levied at December 31, 2008, were \$216,825.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2008

4. Receivables:

A summary or receivables at December 31, 2008, which are fully collectible, follows:

	General	Debt Service	
	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Total
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 205,246	\$ 128,950	\$ 334,196
Ambulance fees	27,038	-	27,038
Service charges	210,320	<u></u>	210,320
9	\$ 442,604	\$ 128,950	<u>\$ 571,554</u>

5. Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2008 was as follows:

Government activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Ending Balance
Capital assets, being			
depreciated:			
Buildings & improvements	629,652	•	629,652
Equipment & furniture	<u>751.070</u>	<u>43,689</u>	<u> </u>
Total	1,380,722	43,689	1,424,411
Less accumulated depreciation:			
Buildings & improvements	(240,951)	(16,983)	(257,934)
Equipment	(571,225)	(69,168)	(640,393)
Total	(812,176)	(86,151)	(898,327)
Land	3,587		3,587
Net capital assets	<u>572,133</u>	<u>(42,462</u>)	529,671

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2008

6. Risk Management:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including workers' compensation. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

7. Pension Plan:

Firefighter's Retirement System of Louisiana

Plan Description

Substantially all employees of the District are members of the Louisiana Firefighters' Retirement System (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

Membership in the Louisiana Firefighters' Retirement System is mandatory for all full-time firefighters employed by a municipally, parish, or fire protection district that did not enact an ordinance before January 1, 1980, exempting itself from participation in the System. Employees are eligible to retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of creditable service or at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service. Upon retirement, members are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 1/3 percent of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 100 percent of their final-average salary.

Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at age 55 (or at or after age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service at termination) and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Firefighters' Retirement System, Post Office Box 94095, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804, or by calling (225) 925-4060.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer contribution rate ranges from 12.50% of annual covered payroll to 13.75%. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The District's contributions to the System for the year ending December 31, 2008 was \$22,383 based on eligible wages of \$170,831.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2008

8. Per Diem Paid to Commissioners:

The District has a voluntary board; therefore, no per diem amounts were paid during this period.

9. Long-Term Obligations:

A summary of change in long-term debt	Balance 1/01/2008	Principal Payments	Balance 12/31/2008
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 290,000	(90,000)	\$ 200,000
Ford Motor Credit	29,057	(14.045)	15,014
Capital Leases Payable	9,050	<u>(4,373</u>)	4,677
Totals	<u>\$328,107</u>	\$108,418	<u>\$ 219,691</u>

On September 1, 2000, the District sold \$470,000 of general obligation bonds dated August 1, 2000, due in annual installments of \$20,000 to \$45,000 through August 1, 2015. The interest rate ranges from 5.0% to 7.0%. The bonds are secured by levy and collection of ad valorem taxes,

The annual requirements to amortize obligation bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Year Ending	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2009	95,000	7,906	102,906
2010	105,000	2,730	107,730
Total	200,000	10,636	210,636

Ford Motor Credit represents monies borrowed for an ambulance bearing interest at 6.%, payable in 4 annual installments of \$17,684. The final installment is due in 2009.

Capital leases payable represents monies borrowed for the purchase of equipment bearing interest at 8.5%, payable in 4 installments of \$5,142. The final installment is due in 2009.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2008

10. On-Behalf Payments for Fringe Benefits and Salaries:

Supplemental salary payments are made by the State directly to certain firemen employed by the District. GASB Statement No. 24 requires that on-behalf payments be recognized as both revenue and expenditure by an employer government entity. In accordance with this Statement, \$26,137 has been recognized as both intergovernmental revenue (state supplemental pay) and salaries in the General Fund.

11. Due To/From Other Funds:

As of December 31, 2008, interfund receivables and payable resulting from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Due From	Due to
	Other	Other
	<u>Fundş</u>	<u>Funds</u>
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 305,012
Debt Service Fund	<u>305,012</u>	<u>-</u>
	\$ 305,012	\$ 305,012

12. Other Matters:

The District has suffered operating losses in the general fund of \$83,945 in 2008, \$60,997 in 2007, and \$116,497 in 2006. The District has used funds totaling \$305,012 for general operating purposes that were restricted to debt service. The ability of the District to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the District's ability to generate net income sufficient to pay operating expenses and to repay the Debt Service Fund..

Budgetary/GAAP Reporting Reconciliaton December 31, 2008

	Budgetary/GAAP Reporting Reconciliation						
		Genera Actual on GAAP Basis		at Fund Adjustment to Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Basis	
Revenues:	c	107 633	æ	(40.045)	æ	40E 200	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	197,633	\$	(12,245)	\$	185,388	
Fire protection service fees		211,165		(2,295)		208,870	
Ambulance fees		110,614		(4,084)		106,530	
Intergovernmental				-			
State fire insurance rebate		20,736		•		20,736	
State revenue sharing		7,946		-		7,946	
State supplemental pay		26,137		(26,137)		-	
Grants		123,203		-		123,203	
Interest earned		8,752		-		8,752	
Miscellaneous		13,269		1,301_		14,570	
Total revenues		719,455		(43,460)		675,995	
Expenditures:							
Current fire protection:							
Ambulance expense		136,790		13,792		150,582	
Employee benefits		19,434		(308)		19,126	
Firefighters retirement		22,383		(1,147)		21,236	
Gas, oil and fuel		17,138		143		17,281	
Insurance		97,901		(1,112)		96,789	
Medical supplies		115		-		115	
Office supplies and expenses		11,109		4,328		15,437	
Payroll taxes		13,897		6,369		20,266	
Pension fund contribution		27,302		5,555		27,302	
Professional Fees		6,531		3,501		10,032	
Public relations		1,162		5,501		1,162	
Repair and maintenance		21,441		3,056		24,497	
Salaries		261,430		(36,641)		224,789	
Station supplies		79,556		297		79,853	
Training and travel		5,743		(134)		5,609	
Uniforms		3,492		(184)		3,308	
Utilities		13,096		343		13,439	
Capital outlay		43,689		511		44,200	
Total fire protection		782,209		(20,978)			
·		•		(20,976)		775,023	
Debt service		21,191		(7.400)		21,191	
Total expenditures		803,400		(7,186)		796,214	
Excess Revenues		(00.045)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		/400 = / =	
Over Expenditures		(83,945)		(36,274)		(120,219	
Fund Balances, Beginning		173,474					
Fund Balances, Ending		89,529					

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual (Cash Basis)

General Fund

Fot the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 220,130	\$ 185,388	\$ 185,388	\$ -
Fire protection service fees	215,625	208,870	208,870	-
Ambulance fees	162,000	106,530	106,530	-
Intergovernmental				
State fire insurance rebate	18,000	20,736	20,736	-
State revenue sharing	14,000	7,946	7,946	-
Grants	66,000	123,203	123,203	-
Interest earned	11,500	8,764	8,752	(12)
Miscellaneous	3,675	14,470	14,570	100
Total revenues	710,930	675,907	675,995	88
Expenditures:				
Current fire protection:				
Ambulance expense	174,050	152,846	150,582	2,264
Collection expense	-	-	-	-
Employee benefits	22,000	19,12 6	19,126	-
Firefighters retirement	20,000	20,382	21,236	(854)
Gas, oil and fuel	18,000	16,496	17,281	(785)
Insurance	61,000	96,790	96,789	1
Medical supplies	-	115	115	-
Office supplies and expenses	14,200	15,754	15,437	317
Payroll taxes	15,388	14,884	20,266	(5,382)
Pension fund contribution	26,250	27,302	27,302	-
Professional Fees	6,250	10,032	10,032	-
Public relations	1,000	1,162	1,162	-
Repair and maintenance	17,356	22,849	24,497	(1,648)
Salaries	188,200	225,158	224,789	369
Station supplies	69,644	80,975	80,364	611
Training and travel	10,900	6, 4 9 4	5,609	885
Uniforms	4,750	4,346	3,308	1,038
Utilities	15,000	13,430	13,439	(9)
Capital outlay		43,689_	43,689	- _
Total fire protection	663,988	771,830	775,023	(3,193)
Debt service	19,062	21,191	21, 19 1	-
Total expenditures	683,050	793,021	796,214	(3,193)
Excess Revenues				
Over Expenditures	27,880	(117,114)	(120,219)	(3,105)
Fund Balances, Beginning	173,474	`173,474 [´]	173,474	-
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 201,354	\$ 56,360	\$ 53,255	\$ (3,105)



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The the Members of the Board of Commissioners Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6 Keithville, Louisiana

I have audited the basic financial statements of Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6 (the District), a component unit of the Caddo Parish Commission, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, and have issued my report thereon dated May 26, 2009. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the second paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, which is disclosed in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2008-1.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Commissioners, and federal and state awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Certified Public Accountant

Marcha O. Millian

May 21, 2009

Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6

Corrective Action Taken on Prior Year Findings

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

<u>Finding 2007-1</u>: The District is not in compliance with the requirements of the 2000 Series General Obligation Bond Indenture.

Status: Unresolved.

Caddo Parish Fire District No. 6

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported as material weaknesses in the District's internal control.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District was disclosed during the audit.

Finding/Noncompliance

Finding #2008 - 1:

<u>Condition:</u> The 2000 Series General Obligation Bond Indenture requires property tax collections dedicated to debt service be deposited in a separate bank account and be used only for debt service.

<u>Criteria:</u> During the year ended December 31, 2008, the District transferred \$99,000 from the debt service bank account to an operating LAMP account to be used for operating costs of the ambulance service. The District owes the debt service fund \$305,012 at December 31, 2008. The Louisiana Legislative Auditor's Office issued an advisory services report dated April 3, 2009 on the District's use of funds that are dedicated to debt service for operating purposes.

<u>Cause</u>: The District began operating an ambulance service in 2006. These monies were used to fund the operating costs of the ambulance service.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with the requirements of the 2000 Series General Obligation Bond Indenture.

<u>Recommendation:</u> I recommend the District comply with the provisions of the 2000 Series General Obligation Bond Indenture and use restricted funds only for their intended purpose. The District should formulate a plan to repay funds restricted for debt service that have been used for operating purposes.

Management's Response: We concur with the finding. The Board of Commissioners representing the taxpayers who reside within the boundaries of Caddo Parish Fire District Six and the operations of the department are our top concerns. The Bond funds were as acknowledged in the reply to the Louisiana Legislative Auditor Advisory spent for maintenance and operations because the District has remained unfunded based on the services performed to the benefit of the taxpayers it serves. None of the Bond Funds to our knowledge were spent in a way determined by independent audits as improper related to personal gain by any individual associated with the operations of the District.

Unless future board rule establishing a majority vote to rebate bond moneys to the array of new taxpayers in the district who didn't pay the bond tax in the first place, the present board has no plans to consider rebating funds it doesn't have now to new taxpayers or record that didn't contribute any money in the first place.